'Incredible tension' at highkick

by Steve Stockermans

Two old rivals living 2,500 kilometers apart met once again in a showdown yesterday afternoon for the world championship one-foot high kick.

World record holder lke Towarak of Alaska and Tim Angotingoar of Chesterfield Inlet, N.W.T. battled in what one judge described as a "very intense, very exciting" event. Angotingoar emerged the winner with a successful kick of eight feet, nine inches. Towarak did not land properly after a successful kick at the same height and was eliminated.

Towarak kicked eight feet, ten inches to establish the world record two years ago at the Arctic Winter Games in Fairbanks,

Angotingoar successfully reached that height yesterday, but like Towarak, could not land properly on the same foot he took off with. Athletes said the hard floor of the gym made landing much more difficult. If the floor was made of wood without the concrete underlay, many felt the world record would have been broken.

Third place was also a very tight

Third place was also a very tight race, with three contestants tied at eight feet, four inches. Jo-Jo Thrasher from Paulatuk, N.W.T., earned the bronze ulu because he completed the jump in the least amount of tries.

The one-foot high kick was the first of the Arctic sports to be held. Last night the junior arm pull, the men's airplane, and the women's one-foot high kick were held. Today's events include the arm reach, kneel jump, head pull, and two-foot high kick.

Arctic sports are based on ageold Inuit traditions where hunters toughened their muscles and improved their reflexes. The winning competitor will not only be strong, but he will have the capacity to acutely concentrate on the task to be performed, eliminating all outside distractions. For this reason, audiences are continually being asked to remain breathlessly quiet while the atbletes perform

while the athletes perform.

Judge Joe Allen Evyagotailak of the N.W.T. said the athletes were bothered by bright TV lights shining into their eyes, the crowd, and the hard concrete floor of St. Pat's

school gym.

"The athletes practise in very quiet places, and they are used to them. The athletes did very well to-day, but they were not concentrating as much. And the floor was very hard, so the athletes, especially the ones from the N.W.T. who jump in bare feet, were afraid of landing funny and hurting themselves."

Several judges felt the competition was very strong, and predicted world records would be broken in the next week.

Gene Peltola, from Bethel, Alaska stretches to reach seven feet, 10 inches in one-foot high kick Monday.



ULU NEWS

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The Ulu News stops people in their tracks, telling them everything they wanted to know about themselves and more (we hope). The paper can be found every day, free of charge, at the athletes' village, many venues and retail outlets around the city for the duration of the Arctic Winter Games.

Today's weather

Mainly sunny, moderate winds; High -10°C (14°F) Outlook for Wednesday: some cloudy periods but possibly a couple of degrees warmer.

The Hon. Celine Hervieux-Payette, minister of state for youth in the Liberal cabinet, delivered the first rock to open the curling competitions Monday afternoon at Yellowknife Curling Club.

With Mayor Don Sian holding the broom and Roy Giles, representing the N.W.T.-Yukon Curling Association doing the sweeping, it urned out to be a pretty good rock, grabbing the edge of the 12-foot. Said Mrs. Hervieux-Payette after the shot, "I threw it a little to the left but then, politically, that's where I am."

N.W.T. curlers have to be given a bit of an edge in the competitions, with three of the four rinks having competed in national championships in the past month. **Debbie Mabbitt** of

Pine Point and her rink are just back from the junior women's playdowns. The open women's skipped by **Maureen Moss** and the junior men's rink skipped by **Derek Elkin**, both of Yellowknife, were also at Canadian playdowns. Elkin, by the way, had to pass on the opening draw. He had a sore throat and could hardly talk...let alone bark instructions to his teammates.

If you've noticed the CBC-TV crews while you've been participating in your sports (and who hasn't, eh?), but don't have a chance to catch the nightly telecast at 8:30, fret not. The programs will be replayed daily at St. Pat's cafeteria during mealtimes — 8 a.m., noon and 5 p.m.



All the athletes will be striving to take home an ulu — gold, silver or bronze — at these Games. Some have already accomplished that goal, as medals were awarded Monday in the 100m spring in snowshoeing and in a number of Arctic sports events. The latest results available at press time appear on page 8.

Wendy Foreman, an official at this year's badminton competitions, has won a total of 12 ulus in six of seven previous Games.

Tim Angotinguar (right) gets a congratulatory handshake from teammate Joe Thrasher Jr. after Tim won the men's one-foot high kick with a kick of eight feet, nine inches.

Veterans back n different roles

Wendy Foreman and Dennis Crane Dennis Crane, who has seen the are two Yellowknifers who are no strangers to the Arctic Winter Games. Dennis Crane, who has seen the are two Yellowknifers who are no strangers to the Arctic Winter Games.

Wendy was a junior ranked badminton player when the Games first started in Yellowknife in 1970. She competed in singles and doubles events that year, and again at the 1972 Games in Whitehorse. She moved up to open competition for the third Games in Anchorage, playing in the singles and mixed doubles events.

Since the inception of the Games, Wendy's only missed one year 1980 in Whitehorse. At the time she was attending school in British Columbia and although she did return to the N.W.T., she didn't meet the residency requirements as set down in the rules.

As a player, she had won a total of 12 ulus — 11 gold and one silver.

This year, Wendy has made the

change from player to official. But, she says, playing is what she prefers and she hopes that she will be able to compete in the Games again in the future.

Recalling those first Games, Wendy remembers that the facilities were lacking, but it was understandable. The old William McDonald school, demolished in 1982, could accommodate only two courts. But she adds, the friendships formed at those first Games still con-

She also recalls the special feeling surrounding the 1978 Games, co-hosted by Hay River and Pine Point. The badminton teams were housed at they played their Games there. The gested.

dining facilities were only a minute's walk away.

been involved in all eight Games. He competed at the 1970, '72 and

Games in doubles and mixed doubles events, winning five ulus including three golds.

At the 1976 Games in Quebec, Dennis left the courts for a position along the sidelines as the coach of the N.W.T. badminton team.

In 1978 he moved to umpire, a posi-tion for which he is highly qualified. In Calgary that year he qualified for the Canadian Badminton Officials Associa-tion and has officiated at the Canadian senior men's and masters championships as well as the Canada Games in 1979 and 1983.

In 1980 he was appointed to the position of chef-de-mission for the N.W.T. contingents in Whitehorse. At Fairbanks he returned to umpiring and is refereeing at competitions this week at Sir John Franklin High School.

Dennis says that overall he's enjoyed the various duties he has performed and, looking back, he says there have been a number of improvements over the years, especially in the sports themselves.

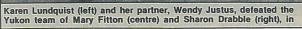
However, he feels facilities could be improved upon and points out that had the new arena in Yellowknife been built with a ceiling five feet higher, the city could have been hosting Canadian badminton and volleyball championships, something, he says, that both Matonabbee School in Pine Point and national governing bodies have sug-



Dennis Crane has attended all eight Games - as a competitor, coach, official and chef-de-mission.









junior ladies' doubles badminton. Competitions will be going on all this week at Sir John Franklin with the medal presentations Friday.

Nine-year-old Leann MacDonald, a figure skating competitor, is the N.W.T.'s youngest athlete.

Tiny skater not worried about older opponents

Nine year old Leann MacDonald from

In various competitions she has years old, and many inches taller.

Yellowknife has been figure skating for four years and isn't fazed anymore by older and taller competators, because meet a lot of new people, and new she's proven she can win against friends. I get to go to a lot of new places too."

The technical figures part of the emerged with two silvers and a gold competition took place yesterday and medal in the pre-juvenile category will continue today in the Gerry Murphy which puts her with skaters up to 13 arena. The more exciting free skate portion starts Wednesday

What's on around town

9 a.m. to 10 p.m. — Drop-in centre at the Public Library (Franklin Avenue at Tree of Peace (51st Street) 4th Street)

10 a.m. to 8 p.m. — Craft sale and demonstration at Elks Hall (49th Miners Mess, Yellowknife Inn

at the Northern Heritage Centre athletes; wear your badges!) (across the causway behind city hall) 12 to 1 p.m. - Lunch hour entertainment at the Elks Hall (49th Street)
1 p.m. to 2 p.m. - children's program at

10:30 a.m. to 5 p.m. — Traditional disc jockey night at the Katimavik sports exhibit and craft demonstration Rooms of the Explorer Hotel (for the

NWT strong in soccer

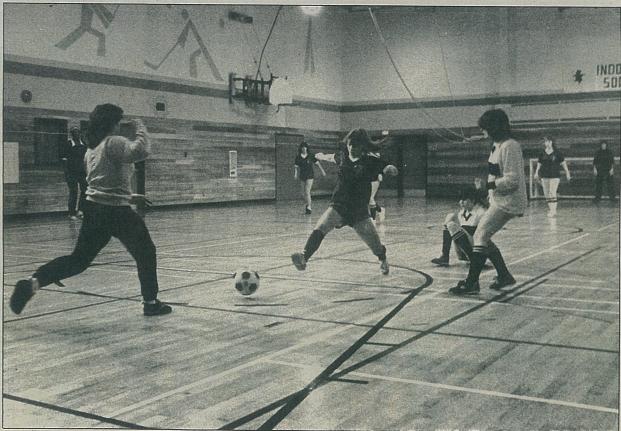
performances. With the exception of a 7-0 shellacking of the juvenile (I4 and under) boys by the Alaskan squad early yesterday, N.W.T. teams have won all of their games (up to press time).

Yukon teams are giving a strong performance, with the junior girls winning, tomo 3-2, and the juvenile boys edging out gym.

NWT teams are surprising their op- the Alaskans, 3-1. Yukon juvenile girls ponents with strong play and winning and junior boys tied the Alaskans in their games Monday.

> Other than the two ties, the Alaskans have taken their only points from the win against the N.W.T. juvenile boys.

Twelve more games are scheduled tomorrow at William McDonald school



Yukon juvenile girls edged the Alaskan squad, 3-2, in a fast-paced soccer game Monday at William McDonald.



Fast hockey, and even teams

The only sure thing in the hockey tournament taking place in the Yellowknife arena this week is a fast, and unpredictable, game. There have been a few complaints about poor ice conditions in the arena, notably NWT squad in the first match, warm and wet ice because of 5-4. Although the score was overflowing stands, but players and officials say that is players and officials say that is pace of most games seems to vindicate them.

After the first day of play, the doth teams result goals. The second Pees was close to sawa Alaskans came ou against Yukon and Close, much of the game was players and officials say that is not a handicap. The furious centre ice, or in the Yukon indicate them.



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e game out. The ely quit. 9-4 in wasn't olay, the se. The ressive, Their

ences of discipline on the ice was ex-period, good goaltending in the emplary. Yukon depended both sides, and a tied so more on individual rushes and No one deserved to lose. slick moves, which they had plenty of, but not enough to dent the Alaskan defense to any degree

Alaskans tomorrow morning, and then the Yukon team in the afternoon.

watch. Any team could win, and if they keep playing with the same raw, gutsy deter-mination, it will be a shame to

see any team lose. So far the N.W.T. team apporters felt their team did not play up to their potential and should have capitalized on more of their opportunities. But to be fair, the N.W.T. side missed their share of opportunities throughout the game.

A rematch will be a treat.

The comeback of the day award will go to the N.W.T.

The Yukon midgets squandered two well played periods by allowing the swar-ming NWT team to score three goals and tie the game 5-5. Body checking is allowed at this level, and both sides used the body, although sometimes to their own disadvantage.

clean game. End to end the first period was 4-0 for rushes, especially in the third Alaska. Clockwise from bottom left. In senior hockey, N.W.T.'s Mark Asleson scores the hat trick killing Yukon's chance for a comeback; Bob Knight (9) tries to shovel the puck into an overfilled Yukon net. N.W.T. defeated Yukon, 6-1; Phil Blower scores tying goal in Yukon-N.W.T. midget game;

backhander.

Kelli Swihart keeps the comeback rolling with this

period, good goaltending from both sides, and a tied score.

Senior

These are good, fast games for the hockey conniseur, as The N.W.T. faces the hot long as you are a neutral laskans tomorrow morning, observer. The scores have been lopsided, but the play has been fast and exciting. By far the largest crowds were out to see the hometown This will be the division to N.W.T. team smear the Yukon players 6-1. The N.W.T. looked very strong in this game, but there were several lapses which the Yukon couldn't score on. The final score should have been closer, but because of the Yukon's slight-So far the N.W.T. team appears to be on top. They because of the Yukon's siignesqueaked out a 3-2 victory by disorganized play, and over the Alaskans in which nearer to the end, their eviteams played with intendent frustration, the N.W.T. was allowed to pick up easy round-robin points. Last night the N.W.T. played

the Alaskans before an overflow crowd. As of press time, after the first period, The NWT team was in big trouble.

The Alaskans came out miskly and graphed their first.

quickly and grabbed their first goal in less than a minute. The N.W.T. played well and was definitely carrying the game to the Alaskans, but they did not put in that extra effort to finish the play. Much of the period was spend on the Alaskan half, but few good shots were taken. Instead, forceful Alaskan players gobbled up their own disadvantage. N.W.T. errors and made them It was a hard-hitting but count. The score at the end of



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It's not who wins that matters to t

quite among the organizers or with the local volunteers and certainly not players are the referees, judges, and officials in the Arctic Winter Games who have come from across the north to add an essential unbiased element to sport.

The one ingredient common among the adjudicators of the Games, is their love of the game. One observer pointed out there is no one who loves the game so much as the referee, because he just doesn't care who wins, as long as it is a good game. A referee often has to work just as hard as the players, but rarely receives credit or recognition.

"I used to do it myself years ago, and I really enjoy it and want to help," said Arctic sports judge Jerry Kisoun of Yukon. Another judge, Joe Allen Evyagotailak of the N.W.T. said he enjoys the responsibility of ensuring the competition is equal and fair for

Ted MacDonald of Yellowknife is one of the 18 hockey referees from the N.W.T., Yukon, and Alaska. All the referees needed to be qualified at the third or fourth level, and all are ex-perienced in tournaments.

"I used to play hockey, and I don't know, I just enjoy refereeing better than playing," he said.

Hockey referees mix quite a bit with the players and coaches in this kind of tournament because, as he said, "on the ice, they are competitors, but there is only good fellowship off the ice.

Sheri and Jim Dives of Yellowknife are not accredited curling officials, they just happened to be available people who know how to curl.

"Because we hang out at the curling a lot and we know something about it, that's how we got involved, Sheri said.

She is a scorekeeper and statisti-

cian, while Jim is an on-ice official. This is a first for both of them, as for most of the other 25 curling officials. Only Donna Alexander, the chief referee, is an accredited official.

"Curling is a gentlemen's game and there really isn't a need for officials at a local level. But they felt having officials at a major tournament like this is a good idea, because if the curlers ever get to a national event in Canada or the U.S., they would have to get used to seeing officials all over the place," Sherri said.

Indoor soccer is still a sport in its infancy, especially in the north, so Arctic Winter Games organizers felt bringing in outside expertise to help out would be the best idea. Mike Seifert from train its rookie refs.

Calgary has refereed major interna-tional and professional soccer matches, outdoor and indoor, and was invited to become referee-in-chief of the four referee AWG staff. He was the top gun at the NWT championships in January in Frobisher Bay and has helped the NWT Soccer Association



Arctic sport judges discuss merits of the one-foot high kick. Left to right are chief judge Frank Cockney, Gordon Kilbear, Jerry Kisoun, Attima Salirina and Delma Kisoun.

resu

Men's one-foot high kick Gold ulu - Tim Angotingoar, N.W.T.,

8',9" Silver ulu - Ike Towarak, Alaska, 8', 8" Bronze ulu - Jojo Thrasher, N.W.T., 8',

Badminton Junior men

Lindsey Taft, Alaska, def. Michael

Parker, Yukon Andrew Hodakins, N.W.T., def. Ken

Koschzech, Yukon

Real Dube, N.W.T., def. Jim Johnson, Alaska

Ken Koschzech, Yukon, def. Michael

Parker, Yukon Real Dube, N.W.T., def. Andrew Hodgkins, N.W.T.

Lindsey Taft, Alaska, Def. Jim Johnson, Alaska

Junior women Yukon, def. Heidi Diana Hardie. Chalupnik, Alaska

Joletta Vegso, N.W.T., def. Kathleen Roberts, Yukon Susan Andrejek, N.W.T., def. Christine

Steensgaard, Alaska Diana Hardie, Yukon, def. Kathleen Roberts, Yukon

Susan Andrejek, N.W.T., def. Joletta Vegso, N.W.T.

Christina Steensgaard, Alaska, def. Heidi Chalupnik, Alaska

Open men Ken Frankish, Yukon, def. Frank Canha, Alaska Yukon, def. Warren

Ken Madsen, Y Brownlee, N.W.T. Shevkenek, N.W.T., def. Stoy Nehart, Alaska

Mary Fitton, Yukon, def. Linda Miller, Alaska Allison Stroeder, N.W.T., def. Ann-Marie Bachman, N.W.T. Wendy Justus, Alaska, def. Karen Lundquist, Alaska Junior men's doubles Johnson/Taft, Ala Roberts/Phillios, Yukon Alaska. def. Brown/Kasook, N.W. Parker/Koschzeck, Yukon N.W.T., def. Dube/Hodgkins, N.W.T., Clark/Doley, Alaska Open men's doubles Frankish/Lafferata, Yukon, def. Canha/Neyhart, Alaska Perkins/Madsen, Yukon, def. Lal/Brownlee, N.W.T. Shevkekek/Callas, N.W.T., def. Mar-tin/Brumbaugh, Alaska Perkins/Madsen, Yukon, def. Frankish/Cafferate, Yukon Open women's doubles Justus/Lundquist, Alaska, def. Fitton/Drabble, Yukon Miller/Lister, Yukon. Miller/Lister, Yukon, def. Anablak/Bachman, N.W.T. Rennie/Stroeder, N.W.T., def. Hansen/Mossestad, Alaska Miller/Lister, Yukon, def. Fitton/Drab-

Madsen, Yukon, def. Ken

Al Shevkenek, N.W.T., def. Warren Brownlee, N.W.T.

Linda Miller, Yukon, def. Karen Lind-

Frankish, Yukon

Open women

quist, Alaska

Justus, Alaska

ble, Yukon Figure skating

Open ladies compulsory figures

1. Michelle Philips, Yukon

Cynthia Denkworth, Alaska Brigitton Kyttle, Alaska Pre-novice ladies compulsory

Michelle Saint Amoure, Alaska Crystal Kujat, N.W.T.

Mary Fitton, Yukon, def. Ann-Marie Bachman, N.W.T. Suzanne McFadyen, Yukon Allison Stroeder, N.W.T., def. Wendy

Wendy Zigarlick, N.W.T Jennifer Bolton, N.W.T. e-juvenile figures

Heather Waller, Alaska Nuri Johnson, Alaska

Tania Daniels, Alaska Tara Neilson, N.W.T.

Annette Dicquemare, Yukon Rhonda Tremblay, N.W.T.

Leanne MacDonald, N.W.T. Jennifer Byram, Yukon

Hockey Peewee N.W.T. 5, Yukon 4

Midget N.W.T. 5, Yukon 5 N.W.T. 6, Yukon 1

Competitions one-quarter complete 3,000 possible

Senior rifle
1. Alaska, 2878; 2. Yukon, 2764; 3
N.W.T., 2750

Junior rifle
1. Alaska, 2780; 2. Yukon, 2420; 3
N.W.T., 2409

Snowshoeing 100m sprint Junior men

Gold ulu - Mathew Bourke, N.W.T., 17.10 seconds

Silver ulu - Jody Olson, Yukon, 17.35 Bronze ulu - James Marlowe, N.W.T., 17.41

Junior women

Gold ulu - Michelle Ramm, N.W.T., 19.19 seconds

Silver ulu - Lora Munro, N.W.T., 20.04 Bronze ulu - Cindy Scanlon, Yukon, 20.20

Gold ulu - John Jansen, Yukon, 16.04 seconds

Silver ulu - Jeff Lister, Yukon, 16.75 Bronze ulu - Kyle Kelly, N.W.T., 16.89 Senior women

Gold ulu - Joanne Doiron, N.W.T., 19.09 seconds Silver ulu - Mary Whitley, Yukon,

20.66 Bronze ulu - Judy Kelly, Yukon, 20.95

Junior girls

N.W.T. 3, Alaska 0 Alaska 2, Yukon 2 N.W.T. 3, Yukon 0 Junior boys Alaska 7, N.W.T. 0 Yukon 3, Alaska 1

Juvenile girls N.W.T. 6, Alaska 2 Yukon 3, Alaska 2

Junior boys N.W.T. 3, Alaska 1 Yukon 3, Alaska 3 Volleyball

Junior men N.W.T. 15-15, Yukon 7-11 Junior women N.W.T. 15-15, Yukon 2-10

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Local army of volunteers on the job

Students and professionals have joined forces to help out in this week's Arctic Winter Games, giving hours of time doing everything from taking tickets to manning telephones

Denise Gendron came to Yellowknife three years ago on a whim. She works as an architect in the department of public works for the territorial government.

Denise is on special leave from her job because she is quite interested in the Games and in the use of community halls. She had a hand in planning the new hall which was built last year in Fort Resolution, south of Great Slave

She also sees the Games as a chance to contribute something. "It didn't matter where I worked. This afternoon I'm a ticket collector and tonight I'll be a door watcher. I'll work wherever they need somebody."

Geraldine "Gerry" Farnham had Getaulite Gerry Farnnam had been up and on the road at 7:15 Mon-day morning to pick up Dan Lang, minister of economic development of municipal affairs for Yukon Territory. She's been assigned as his driver for the week of the Games

We caught up with Gerry in the hospitality room at the Yellowknife Inn. She is a volunteer hostess for the Games, but her usual job is in the pro-perty management section with the Royal Canadian Mouned Police.

Gerry and her husband Dennis came to Yellowknife in 1972. Their road map showed the way as far as High Level, Alberta. There plan was to stay for two

Gerry took special leave and some of her annual leave from her job to volunteer

"My feeling is if people don't volunteer, nothing will get done. We want to make this a success.

Winter break for students sometimes means trips south or a chance to catch up on missed movies, but this year, local students find themselves free to enjoy one of the biggest events in the

A number of students have taken on responsibilities during the Games which gives them a chance, not only to participate, but cheer on friends at the same time

Andrew Christie is a grade 12 stu-dent at Sir John Franklin High School.

He thought he would be bored dur-ing the Arctic Winter Games and his school break. So he volunteered and is particularly interested in the biathlon.

Andrew's is in charge of the equip-ment shack. He has to ensure that the rifles are not loaded when the competitors run the course. He also has to check the triggers on the rifles to make sure the tension is correct.

Andrew has been in the Territories for three years and likes it better than Ontario, although he plans to return to take grade 13 and attend university in political science and business administration.

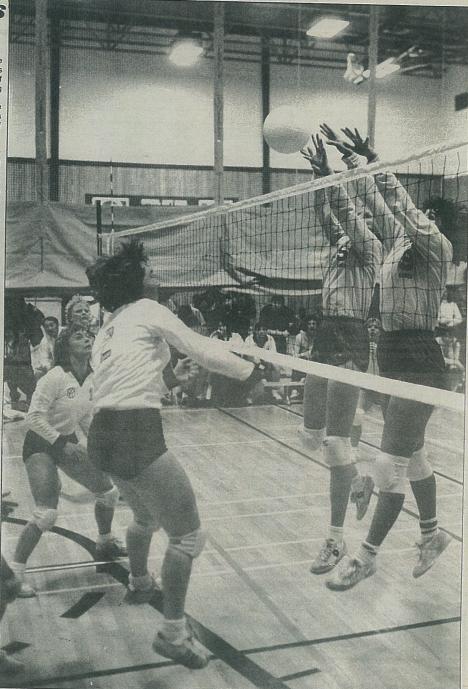
Eighteen-year-old Warren Gillis is a volunteer scorekeeper at the volleyball competitions. His preparation for the event included participating in the sport himself and a couple of hours in-struction from the officials.

Warren attends high school at Sir John. He wanted something to do during the winter break.

He has particularly enjoyed meeting all the new people and the competitors who've arrived in the city.

He comes from London, Ontario and likes the Territories. "This is pretty big for everybody. We're all up for it."

Over the top for Alaska



Yukon senior women couldn't stop the powerful Alaskan squad, ,losing their opening round game, 15-5 and 15-8.

History of the Games, and the North, on display

If you're looking for an interesting and sists of a seven-foot narwhal tusk with tle of the Games, you might take time out for a visit to the Prince of Wales at the base. Northern Heritage Centre.

On display at the Centre, named for Prince Charles who visited the city for the opening three years ago, is the Stuart M. Hodgson Trophy which is awarded to the team exhibiting the best sportsmanship over the course of

The trophy, valued at \$30,000, con- day and Friday

relaxing aside from the hustle and bus-tle of the Games, you might take time a soapstone carving of a polar bear near the top and a carving of a walrus

Also being exhibited are uniforms of past Northwest Territories' teams, gold, silver and bronze ulus and demonstrations of Inuit Games.

Throughout the Games, there will be demonstrations of carving, tapestry making and the sewing of seal skins Six artisans will be present on Thurs-

You might want to couple your visit with a hot lunch lunch at the concession located on the top floor. It is open from 11:30 a.m. to 2 p.m.

The Heritage Centre is open every day from 10:30 a.m. to 5 p.m.
The Centre, in co-operation with

Northern United Place, is presenting three children's films and three adult films Thursday, including one of the first Arctic Winter Games held here in 1970. Viewing starts at 6:30 p.m. at Northern United Place, located at Franklin Avenue and 54th Street

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The golden years

Rosemary Cairns

Prospectors and miners streamed north to Great Slave Lake in the Dirty Thirties looking for gold on the lake's northern shore. They found the gold, and they built a town around it.

A lot of stories are told about Yellowknife's early years and about the men and women whose tents and shacks and stores dotted the Rock, as Old Town used to be known then

But most of those early prospectors, miners, pilots, police and administrators and the women who cooked and washed clothes and sometimes even prospected with the men, were too busy to write about their lives.

The ones who wrote about Yellowknife in its early years were usually the people who came in from "outside" for a visit. While they didn't always get their facts straight, they told wonderful stories about fascinating people

Half a century later it's not always easy to separate the real nuggets of history from their flashier cousins, "fool's gold". But that's what the Yellowknife History Project, under the direction of researcher Susan Jackson, is trying to do.

When she first started, Susan hoped a local history book would be ready for the city's Homecoming Celebration June 23 to July 7. But unearthing the history of Yellowknife in the 1930's, 1940's and 1950's turned out to be every bit as complex as mining the gold veins that lie under the modern city of 10 000 that is Yellowknife today

Written documents are in archives and private collections all over the country Pictures are scattered all around Canada. So are many people who once called Yellowknife home

While the Homecoming Committee is busy trying to locate all those former Yellowknifers to invite them back for Homecoming, the History Project is compiling directories of residents, businesses and buildings to jog the memories of all those who are coming for a visit. Long-time residents still living in Yellowknife are busy reviewing the directories as they are updated to make sure they are accurate

Homecoming visitors will be asked to drop in at the History Drop-in Centre at the Mine Rescue Station in downtown Yellowknife. There they can look through the photographs which so far haven't been identified.

Often when long-time residents get together, their conversations bring out incidents or stories about people which haven't been included in any of the written material from which directories have been compiled. The History Project hopes that sort of exchange will take part on a massive scale when many former residents come back for a visit in the summer.

Some of the long-time residents who live in Yellowknife have gotten a chuckle out of some of the stories contained in the directories because some stories are exaggerated or just not true. That's how the History Project workers learned that some of the early writers didn't always get it straight.

Perhaps they just passed on a tall tale told to them with a straight face (Northerners have been known to pull the occasional leg); or perhaps they just assumed that nothing in the North was too fabulous to be true. You can hardly blame them when you read the people and the events of early Yellowknife

The first people who tried looking for old in the Yellowknife area weren't a



lucky bunch, if the tales about them are rush in the Yukon, a few hundred men tried to reach the gold fields through through Alaska. They arrived from Edmonton on snowshoes, and few made it from Great Slave Lake to Dawson Ci ty. On their way back to the south, some of these men staked claims on Great Slave Lake, but the claims lapsed when they didn't return. During World War I, a Toronto man found gold and brought back wonderful samples; it's said he died of grief when nobody was willing to finance his project. another prospector sank a shaft on Wilson Island in Great Slave Lake: his project was abandoned when he his bargeload of equipment in the Athabasca River rapids.

The prospector's luck changed in the mid-1930's, when prospectors came north to investigate reports of gold samples at the mouth of the Yellowknife River. The claims they staked changed hands a number of times, but eventually became Giant — Canada's largest gold mine. Other pro spectors arrived to stake Yellowknife Bay, inspired by the reports of government geologists

In the fall of 1938, the first gold brick poured in the Northwest Territories was poured at Negus Mine

Actually, the change in luck was not so much a matter of luck as it was of economics. In 1932, gold had been worth \$20 an ounce; by 1938, cur-rency devaluations had sent its worth soaring to \$35 an ounce. Gold mining had become far more profitable than it had ever been before, and operators had begun mining low-grade ore and sending prospectors into regions that had been previously thought to be unpromising or inaccessible

Inaccessible was a fair description of the area around Great Slave Lake until the late 1930's. But then, sparked by Cominco's decision to pay English prospector Tom Payne and his backers 500,000 for a 60 per cent share in claims which became part of Con Mine, the gold rush was on. Agents of mining interests in the United States. Britain, France, Holland and Germany began flying in to stake claims.

By 1938, the population was up to 800. Life Magazine sent a crew into visit, and they reported that "during the brief summer months, life seems good

in Yellowknife".
"There is a pervading air of camping out, which makes the hard, uncertain

to boot," said Life, and it provided the pictures to prove it.

Life thought Yukon gold rush bard Robert Service would have been disappointed by Yellowknife. "So far, no Dan McGew has been shot in Yellowknife, no lady known as Lou has disrupted night life.

Life in Yellowknife might be "rough, lusty and loud," said Life, "but it is also businesslike". Prospectors flew in by plane instead of mushing in by dogteam. And when they arrived, Yellowknife offered most of the modern conveniences - a bank (in a log cabin), a bakery, a dry-cleaner's, the Wildcat Cafe, a jeweler's, a dance-There were plans for a movie theatre, and the residents were agitating for a school.

found the cost of living reasonable. "A hotel room costs only \$2, a meal can be bought anywhere for \$1, a haircut costs \$.75. Whiskey is \$12 a bottle but drinking is nevertheless hearty.

Yellowknife attracted its share of the famous and the wealthy. Visitors in the summer of 1938 included Ontario Premier Mitchell Hepburn, and Bernard E. "Sell 'em Ben" Smith, a New York capitalist "who can usually be found wherever gold is being found; Life pictured them coming out of the log cabin that housed the Canadian Bank of

That summer, Yellowknife's first newspaper put out its first issue. Prospector' reported that Howard Hughes, trying to break the world's record for flying around the globe, might land in Edmonton; that a local lumber yard had been set up on Joliffe Island, and that Imperial Oil would be putting six tanks on the island; that rian had put out a fire that had been threatening the Giant camp; and that John Michaels of Yellowknife Supplies had set a record of sorts for rapid construction. "The lumber was unloaded at the wharf at eight in the morning and at eleven at night the building had not only been finished but the material had already been stored in the new building

The Prospector also reported on the ossibility of growing vegetables by 'tank-farming' (known today as hydroponics). A stock of the chemicals needed had arrived in Yellowknife and six weeks worth of experiments were

"Yellowknife's oldest

life of prospecting seem a sort of newspaper" didn't plan to publish any our policy to publish no mining information which is not specifically authorized by the persons who may be concerned," said The Prospector.

Only about a dozen women lived in Yellowknife in 1937 and 1938. One of the most fascinating was Vicky Lepine, the NWT's first female prospector.

One of a family of 13, she'd worked since she was nine years old. At 15, she ran her own tailoring shop in a mining camp. For 20 years, she wandered from mining camp to mining camp across Canada. She was just about to become a lady barber in Winnipeg in 1937 when she heard about a free course in geology, and promptly sign-After hearing about Tom Payne's strike, she decided to come to Yellowknife. She bought an old 20-foot scow and piloted herself from Edmonton to Yellowknife, taking three weeks for the journey. Once in town, she washed clothes during the day and dishes at night at the Wildcat. In the summer of 1938, she went out prospecting in the bush, staked her claims, and sold them for \$3,500.

She bowled over the writers who

came to visit the town in 1938. "She is the best man in the bush, the best friend, the best chum. Where there is heavy work, she is the most capable, the hardest working, the most helpful. She bears the greatest hardships most easily, and she has the best heart. Wherever she goes, the sun shines.

By 1939, there were many women in town. They worked as waitresses, nurses and drivers of the water taxis that linked Old Town and Latham and Joliffe Islands. There was a woman

lawyer and a woman teacher.
Yellowknife then "was a place of surprises, of contrasts, of anachronisms, of curiosities." reported Richard Finnie, who visited the city many times the years. The town 32-room hotel, six stores including two pharmacies, several restaurants, a poolroom, and the only bank brokerage and real estate firm and theatre in the region that covered more than a million square miles, but it had no plumbing. It had two policemen, but no jail - over-exuberant miners slept in tents and ate with their captors in local restaurants where the waitresses didn't have the heart to confine them to the amount of food covered by their daily allowance

Only now, when the town was a reality, was the administration getting around to planning a public road and a the same room as the officer who had water supply for the residents, Finnie reported

Privies dominated the landscape. "So jumbled were the dwellings that a privy in one man's back yard fairly blocked another man's front doorway," said Finnie. But, while the houses and tents were unlocked, the privies were mostly padlocked; when someone offered you a key to his privy, you knew that you were friends. Keeping clean involved a lot of planning, because the homemade shower at a local cafe was only available twice a week and required advance reservations; the cost was 50 cents.

Invitations to dinner at the home of and Mrs. Oliver Stanton (the first doctor in Yellowknife) were one of the greatest privileges in town, because the invitation was for dinner and a bath. The modern apartment house at Con Mine had one of the few plumbing systems in the Northwest Territories. Finnie, in his book "Canada Moves

North", gives his readers a graphic guided tour of Yellowknife in 1939.
He takes you into the Yellowknife

Hotel, where his party is greeted by manager Vic Ingraham, one of the famous characters of the district.
"Watching him walk, you may think that he is troubled with rheumatism; but you don't at once realize both his legs

Vic Ingraham, after whom the road leading out of town to Tibbitt Lake is named, lost both his legs after trying to rescue two crewmen from a flaming boat on Great Bear Lake in the fall of 1933. He and another man got ashore in a rubber boat and walked for miles before being rescued; by then, his legs and hands were frozen as well as burned. He went back to Great Bear Lake and campaigned vigorously for hospital facilities in the area, but he still managed to joke that at least the fierce Northern blackflies and mosquitoes couldn't bite through his wooden legs.

By the spring of 1939, the "Pro-spector" was thriving under the management of Jack Lawrie. The first month under his direction it grossed seven dollars, the second month seventy dollars and the third month \$120, Finnie reported. The subscription list was 400, but another 600 were needed before the post office would accept the "Prospector" as a newspaper.

Fund-raising was well under-way for a school. A sweepstake on the date the first plane would reach Yellowknife after the spring break-up added \$170 to the \$800 in donations already collected, and a \$500 government grant had been secured.

The women of the town had banded together to form the order of the D.M.S. "This was something of a mystery to the men at first, who wondered what the initials stood for, "Some suggested 'Dynamite, Murder, and Suicide'. It turned out to be the Daughters of the Midnight Sun", a service organization which had recently welcomed the Archbishop of Toronto during a Northern

By 1944, Yellowknife was well into its second gold rush. Accommodations was at a premium; at the peak of the 1945 season, the population was estimated to be 3,000. Luckily, almost a third of them were in the bush, but that still left the people in town more than a little crowded. Between 75 and 100 guests were put up in the 14-room hotel, with 25 of them sleeping on cots in the beer parlour. Rooms cost \$3.00 a day, "and you didn't squawk if you have to bunk in with your business rival," says a magazine article of the day. Once, the article adds, a fugitive from the law found himself in

been searching for him far and wide around the county.

A dozen years later, life was settling down, and people were beginning to a little the visiting reporters' frantic search for "colour

In his book, "The Mysterious North", published in 1956, Pierre Berton quotes from an editorial in News of the North written the week he arrived which lambasted the sensationseeking reporters.

Undoubtedly, says Berton, publisher Ted Horton was thinking of the spring of 1951, when an American picture magazine learned that the year's first boatload of supplies would soon arrive in town. "The magazine wired Horton; Should be exciting and colorful pix of arrival first supplies enthusiasm and frenzy among YK citizens as they break open crates and cases of whiskey after long winter of abstinence." The magazine wanted to send in a photographer.

Ted Horton wired back Ted Horton wired back — collect — that the photographer could fly in by scheduled flight any one of six days a week. When he got here, the photographer could have a Martini in the hotel lounge and study the city's drinking habits by the hour. Replied the manazine: "CODES SORBY." magazine: "OOPS SORRY"

Ted was one of a line of crusading newspaper editors. A few years earlier, Jock McMeekan published the Yellowknife Blade, which had taken over from the Prospector after the war. Ottawa fiddles while we burn,' states a typical editorial. We are governed by orders-in-council upon the recommendation of imported incompetents..

That was vintage Jock McMeekan. But it also seems to sum up the Yellowknife of 30 or 40 years ago, when it was a town populated by independent characters about whom stories could be told endlessly.

One of the more fabulous of those stories concerns Salmita Mine, and is told in an article which appeared in Na-tional Home Magazine in 1950.

Mike Mitto was packing his prospector's equipment along a trail more than 100 miles north of what was to become Yellowknife, when it began to rain hard. He found shelter in a cave usually used by wolves.

The wolves were not at home, fortunately for the wolves. For Mike is no man for wild animals to trifle with. Once, in his own unique shorthand version of the English language, Mike described an encounter with a bear thus: 'Bear chase me. I throw stick. Bear stop to catch, I hit with axe.' End of description. End of bear

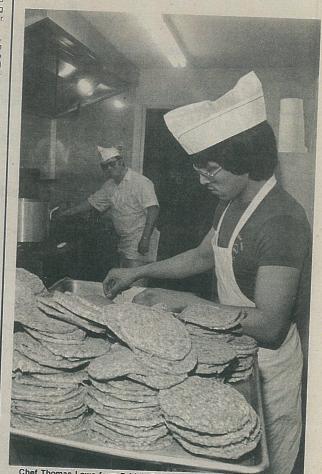
After the rain stopped, Mike came out of the cave — and saw a rainbow. He walked toward it, and where he figured the end of the rainbow should be, he explored. The result was what became known as Salmita Con-solidated Mine.

This story, and countless others like form the pot of gold at the end of the Local History Project's rainbow. Some of them may turn out to be a trifle exaggerated, no doubt; other may turn out be be understated

once sifted through the memories of the people who lived in Yellowknife in the days when the magazine writers called it "the Manhattan of the North" and "Yellowknife the Fabulous", all those wonderful nug-gets will be included in a history book that will introduce us to the characters and the events of Yellowknife's first half-century.

Story courtesy Type Unlimited

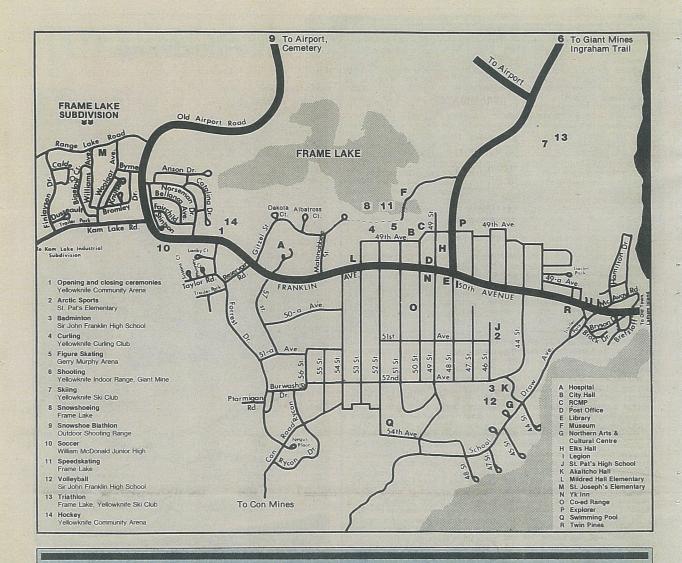
Fine dining



Chef Thomas Lowe from British Columbia works quickly over a hot Grill (background) preparing hamburgers for the athletes at. St. Pat's High School yesterday, while his assistant, Allen Matomiak of Cambridge Bay gets the finished product onto the serving trays.



Hundreds of hungry competitors find ample food and great selection three times a day. The total cost of feeding everyone over the week



Tuesday's schedule of events

Arctic sports

At St. Pat's Elementary

1 p.m. - Men's one-hand reach

2 p.m. - Medal presentations

3 p.m. - New sport demonstrations

7 p.m. - Women's kneel jump

8 p.m. - Men's head pull

9 p.m. - Junior two-foot high kick

10 p.m. - Medal presentations

Badminton

At Sir John Franklin High School

5 p.m. - Men's and women's singles

9 p.m. - Open mixed

At Yellowknife Curling Club

2 p.m. - Third draw - junior men, Yukon vs. Alaska; junior women, N.W.T. vs. Yukon; open men, N.W.T. vs. Yukon; open women, N.W.T. vs. Alaska.

8 p.m. - Fourth draw - junior men, N.W.T. vs. Yukon; junior women, Alaska vs. NWT; open men, Alaska vs. N.W.T.; open women - Yukon vs.

Figure skating

At Gerry Murphy Arena

1 p.m. - Preliminary ladies figures 3:30 p.m. - Preliminary men's figures 4 p.m. - Juvenile ladies' figures

Hockey

At Yellowknife Community Arena

8 a.m. - Peewee - Alaska vs. N.W.T. 10:30 a.m. - Midget - Alaska vs. Yukon 1 p.m. - Senior - Alaska vs. Yukon 3 p.m. - Peewee - Yukon vs. N.W.T. 6 p.m. - Midget - N.W.T. vs. Yukon 8:30 p.m. - Senior - N.W.T. vs. Yukon

Shooting

At Yellowknife Shooting Club, Giant Mine

8 a.m. - Pistol competitions (to 3:30 p.m.) 4 p.m. - Rifle competitions (to 8 p.m.)

Skiing

At Yellowknife Ski Club

9:30 a.m. - Opening ceremonies 11 a.m. - Juvenile 3 km, junior 5 km 11:30 a.m. - Women 5 km, Men 10 km 1 p.m. - Medal presentations

Snowshoeing

At Frame Lake

2 p.m. - 800m sprints 3 p.m. - Medal presentations

Snowshoe biathlon

At Yellowknife Outdoor Shooting Range

10 a.m. - 5 km 1 p.m. - Medal presentatons

Soccer

At William McDonald Junior High

10 a.m. - Juvenile girls, Yukon vs. Alaska 11 a.m. - Juvenile boys, Yukon vs. Alaska 12 p.m. - Junior girls, Yukon vs. Alaska 1 p.m. - Junior boys, Yukon vs. Alaska 2 p.m. - Juvenile girls, N.W.T. vs. Yukon 3 p.m. - Juvenile boys, N.W.T. vs. Yukon 4 p.m. - Junior girls, N.W.T. vs. Yukon 5 p.m. - Junior boys, N.W.T. vs. Yukon 6 p.m. - Juvenile girls, Alaska vs. N.W.T 7 p.m. - Juvenile boys, Alaska vs. N.W.T. 8 p.m. - Junior girls, Alaska vs. N.W.T. 9 p.m. - Junior boys, Alaska vs. N.W.T.

Speedskating

At Frame Lake speedskating oval

10 a.m. - 400 m heats 11 a.m. - 1000 m heats 2 p.m. - 400 m finals 3 p.m. - 1000 m finals

Triathlon

At Yellowknife Ski Club

9:30 a.m. - Opening ceremonies 11 a.m. - Skiing - Women's 5 km, men's 10 km

Volleyball

At Sir John Franklin High School

8 a.m. - junior, Alaska vs. Yukon 9:30 p.m. - senior, Alaska vs. Yukon 11 a.m. - junior, Yukon vs. N.W.T. 12:30 p.m. - senior, Yukon vs. N.W.T 2 p.m. - junior, Alaska vs. N.W.T. 3:30 p.m. - senior, Alaska vs. N.W.T.